

Weekly Report of CNCERT

Key Findings

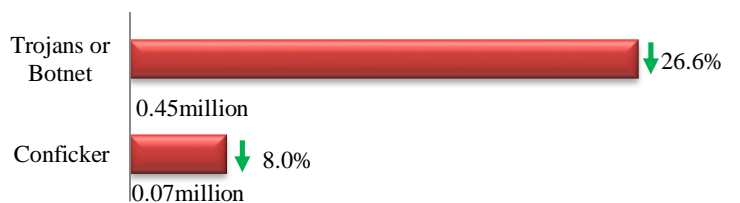


Infected Computers in Mainland China	• 0.45 Million	↓ 24.2%
Defaced Websites in Mainland China	• 8,128	↓ 7.4%
Defaced gov.cn	• 30	↓ 6.3%
Backdoored Websites in Mainland China	• 2,378	↓ 14.4%
Backdoored gov.cn	• 11	↓ 38.9%
Phishing Webpages Targeting Websites in Mainland China	• 1,236	↓ 16.4%
New Vulnerabilities Collected by CNVD	• 354	↑ 20.0%
High-risk Vulnerabilities	• 160	↑ 20.3%

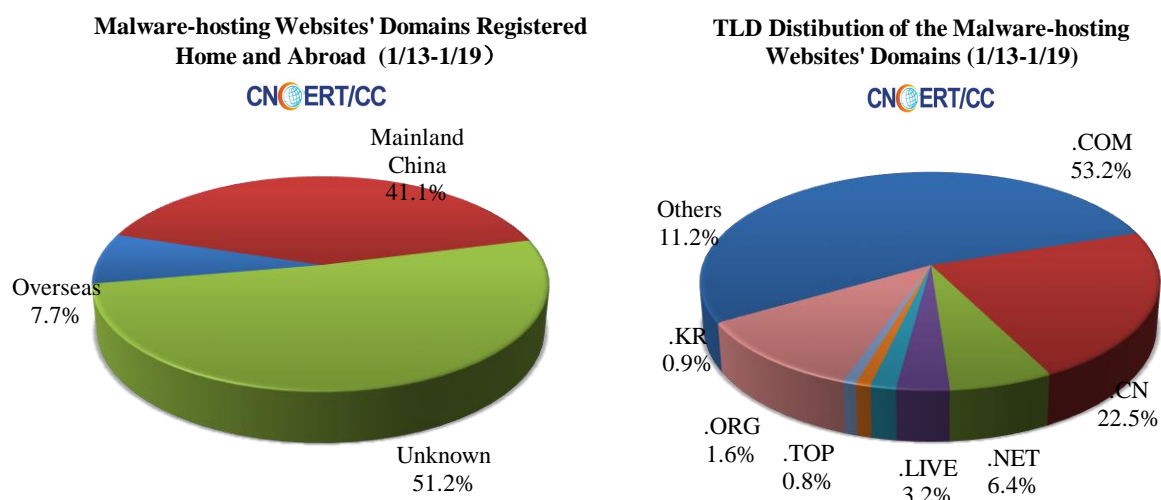
▬ marks the same number as last week; ↑ marks an increase from last week; ↓ marks a decrease from last week

Malware Activities

The infected computers in mainland China amounted to about 0.45 million, among which about 0.38 million were controlled by Trojans or Botnets and about 0.07million by Confickers.



The malware-hosting websites is the jumping-off place for malware propagation. The malware-hosting websites monitored by CNCERT this week involved 1,078 domains and 2,589 IP addresses. Among the 1,078 malicious domains, 7.7 % were registered overseas and 53.2% of their TLDs fell into the category of.com. Among the 2,589 malicious IPs, 22.9% were overseas. Based on our analysis of the malware-hosting website's URLs, the majority of them were accessed via domain names, and only 282 were accessed directly via IPs.



In terms of the malicious domain names and IPs either monitored by CNCERT or sourced from the reporting members, CNCERT has actively coordinated the domain registrars and other related agencies to handle them. Moreover, the blacklist of these malicious domains and IPs has been published on the website of Anti Network-Virus Alliance of China (ANVA).

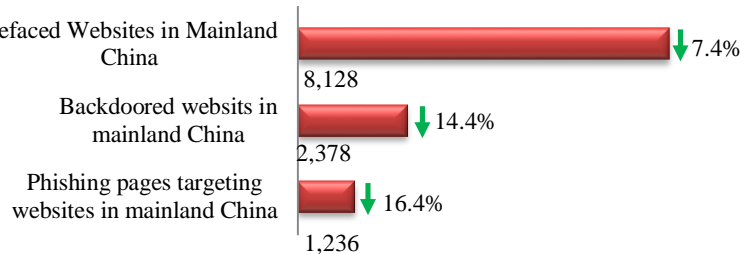
The URL of ANVA for Publishing the Blacklist of Malicious Domains and IPs.

<http://www.anva.org.cn/virusAddress/listBlack>

Anti Network-Virus Alliance of China (ANVA) is an industry alliance that was initiated by Network and Information security Committee under Internet Society of China (ISC) and has been operated by CNCERT.

Website Security

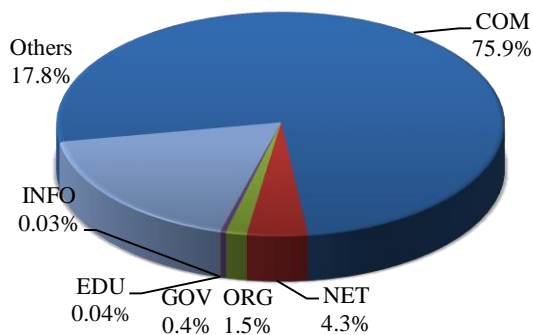
This week, CNCERT monitored 8,128 defaced websites in mainland China and 2,378 websites planted with backdoors and 1,236 phishing web pages targeting websites in mainland



This week, the defaced gov.cn website in mainland China is 30(0.4%), a decrease of 6.3% from last week. The backdoors were installed into 11(0.5%) government (gov.cn) websites, a decrease of 38.9% from last week.

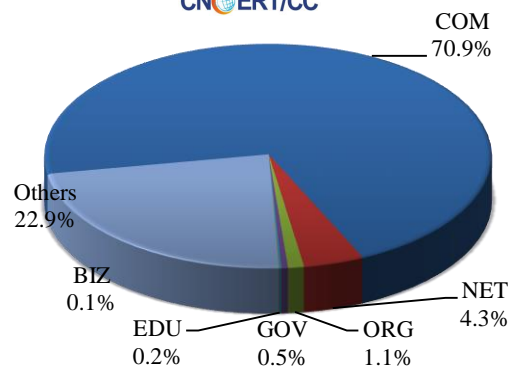
Defaced Websites in Mainland China (1/13-1/19)

CNCERT/CC



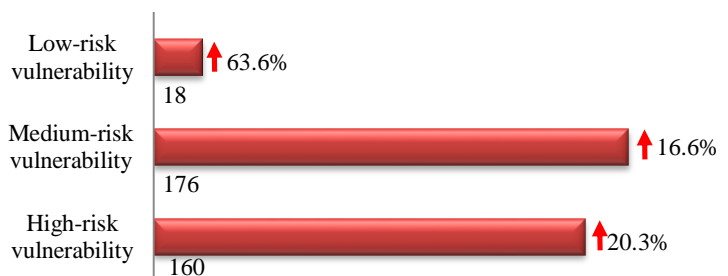
Domain Categories of the Backdoored Websites in Mainland China (1/13-1/19)

CNCERT/CC

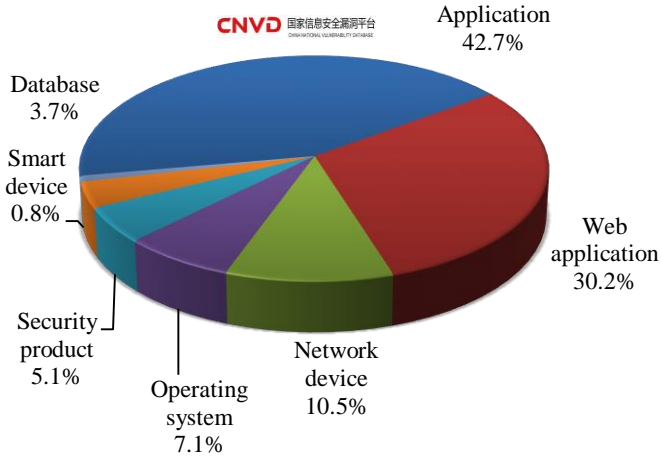


Vulnerabilities

This week, China National Vulnerability Database (CNVD) recorded 354 new vulnerabilities. This week's overall vulnerability severity was evaluated as medium.



Objectives Affected by the Vulnerabilities Collected by CNVD (1/13-1/19)



The Application was most frequently affected by these vulnerabilities collected by CNVD, followed by Web application and Network device.

For more details about the vulnerabilities, please review CNVD Weekly Vulnerability Report.

The URL of CNVD for Publishing Weekly Vulnerability Report

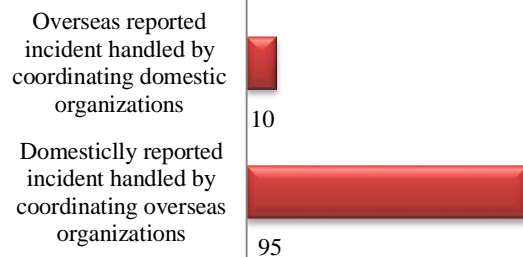
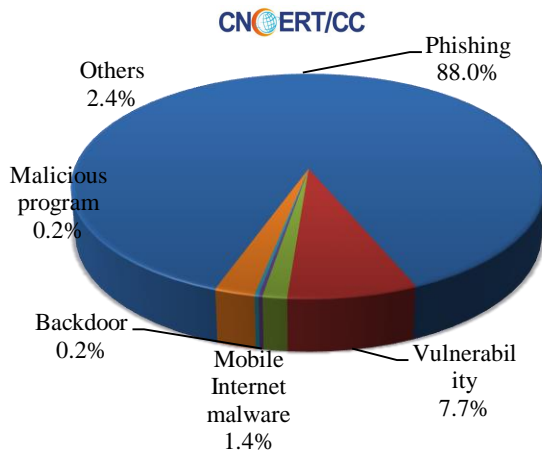
<http://www.cnvd.org.cn/webinfo/list?type=4>

China National Vulnerability Database (CNVD) was established by CNCERT, together with control systems, ISPs, ICPs, network security vendor, software producers and internet enterprises for sharing information on vulnerabilities.

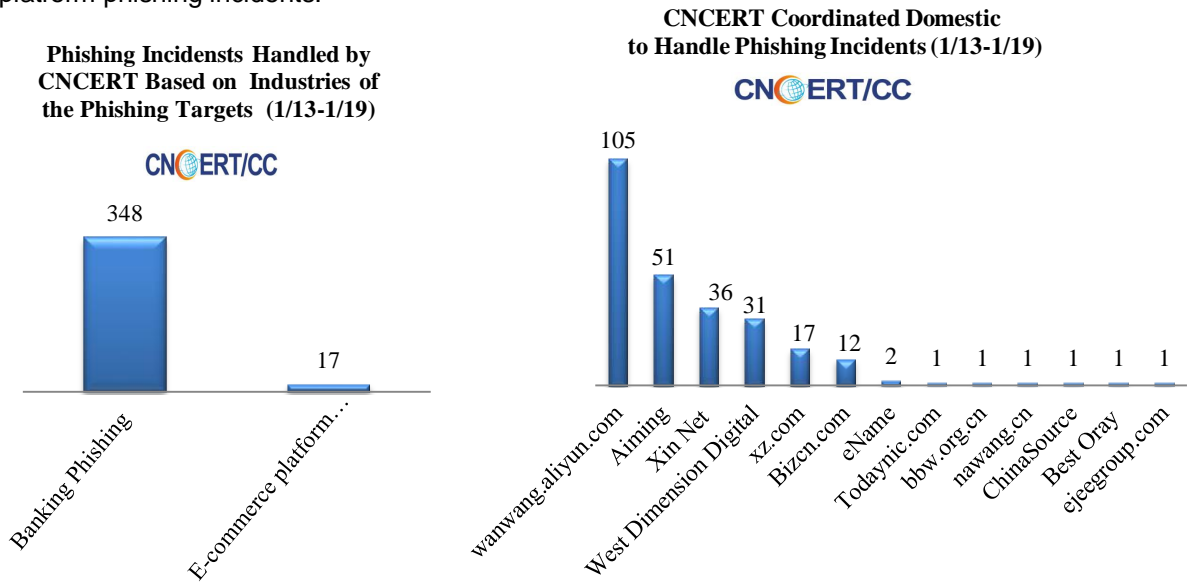
Incident Handling

This week, CNCERT has handled 417 network security incidents, 105 of which were cross-border ones, by coordinating ISPs, domain registrars, mobile phone application stores, branches of CNCERT and our international partners.

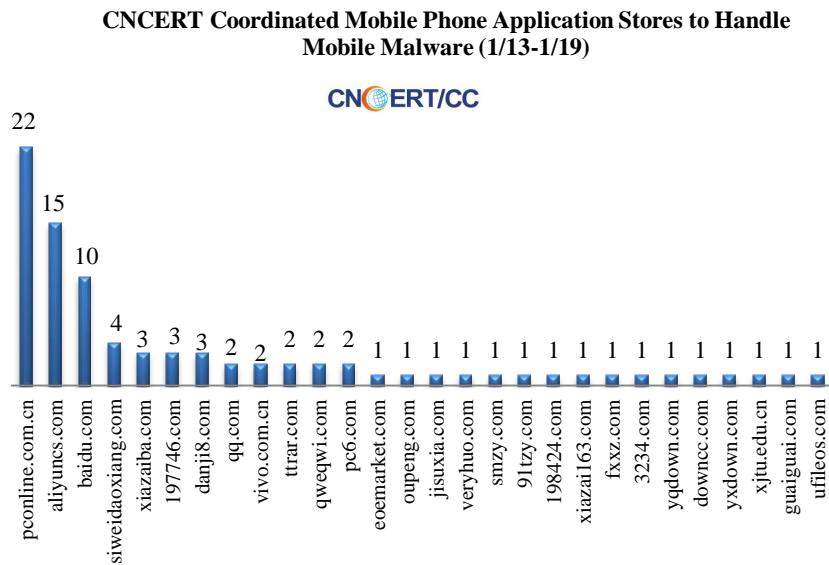
Types of the Incidents Handled by CNCERT (1/13-1/19)



Specifically, CNCERT has coordinated domestic and overseas domain registrars, international CERTs and the other organizations to handle 366 phishing incidents. Based on industries that these phishing targets belong to, there were mainly 348 banking phishing incidents and 17 E-commerce platform phishing incidents.



This week, CNCERT has coordinated 28 mobile phone application store and malware-injected domains to handle 86 malicious URL of the mobile malware.



About CNCERT

The National Computer network Emergency Response Technical Team / Coordination Center of China (CNCERT or CNCERT/CC) is a non-governmental, non-profitable organization of network security technical coordination. Since its foundation in Sep.2002, CNCERT has dedicated to carrying out the work of preventing, detecting, warning and handling China network security incidents under the policy of “positive prevention, timely detection, prompt response, guaranteed recovery”, to maintain the safety of China public Internet and ensure the safe operation of the information network infrastructures and the vital information systems. Branches of CNCERT spread in 31 provinces, autonomous regions and municipalities in mainland China.

CNCERT is active in developing international cooperation and is a window of network security incidents handling to the world. As a full member of the famous international network security cooperative organization FIRST and one of the initiators of APCERT, CNCERT devotes itself to building a prompt response and coordination handling mechanism of cross-border network security incidents. By 2018, CNCERT has established “CNCERT International Partners” relationships with 233 organizations from 76 countries or regions.

Contact us

Should you have any comments or suggestions on the Weekly Report of CNCERT, please contact our editors.

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